

With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension

Pensions Registry Number 19019602

Annual Report and Accounts
For the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Any enquiries should be sent to the Chief Executive's office at: ceo@cheviottrust.com

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Trustee and Advisers

Trustee: Cheviot Trustees Limited

Co-opted Directors	Employer Nominated Directors	Member Nominated Directors		
Sir Derek Morris, Chairman	lan Gault, Vice Chairman ¹	Diane Elliott-Smith		
Elspeth McKinnon	Stephen Jones	Frances Longmore		
	Gerald Kidd ²	Giles Orton		
	Martin Poore	Maralyn Thomas		
Scheme Actuary	Peter Black of XPS Pensions Group			
Investment Advisers	Schroders IS Limited part of the Schro	ders Group		
	Van Lanschot Kempen Investment Ma	nagement (UK) Limited³		
	Isio Group Limited			
Auditor	Crowe U.K. LLP			
Bankers	National Westminster Bank plc			
Investment Managers	The Trustee has direct contractual relationships with the managers shown			
	below. The With Profits Section is also invested in blended funds held on			
	the Mobius Life Limited investment pla	atform. This platform invests in the		
	underlying managers. Details can	be found in the Statement of		
	Investment Principles available on the	website.		
	Marshall Wace Asset Management Lin	nited		
	Mobius Life Limited			
	Phoenix Investment Adviser LLC			
	PIMCO Europe Limited			
	Schroders IS Limited			
	Royal London Asset Management Limited			
Custodian	Caceis Bank			
Solicitors	Arc Pensions Law LLP			
	Pinsent Masons LLP			
Covenant Adviser	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP			

¹ Retiring on 30 June 2024 ² Reappointed 13 December 2023

³ Appointed February 2024.



Chair's review

Sir Derek Morris, Chairman

2023 was a more stable year for investment returns but continued to see the impact of very high inflation on incomes and interest rates and the knock-on effects to the standard of living for many. The war in Ukraine continued to rage and the conflict between Israel and Hamas demonstrated the appalling impact of war on the civilian population. Despite this, investment returns were generally positive as the expectations grew in respect of interest rate reductions and falling inflation.



Trustee issues

The Trustee has continued to focus on its governance and services to members, operating a mixture of in person, hybrid and virtual meetings, balancing convenience and cost effectiveness with the positive impact of in person meetings. The Board now meets in person quarterly and most Committees meet in person at least once a year.

The Board reviewed its own effectiveness during 2023 and discussed the results in June 2023. Whilst the Board was generally operating effectively, the review identified the challenges of improving diversity on the Board, the importance of monitoring advisers in accordance with service level agreements and the benefits of ongoing training and in person Board meetings. These points will be monitored over 2024.

Investment performance 2023

Global markets rose during 2023 following the very difficult investment conditions in 2022. On-risk assets rose strongly reflecting increased anticipation of lower interest rates. Performance of Cheviot funds was in line or slightly ahead of markets. Over the longer term, most performance remained below the long term targets given the market conditions in 2002.

The Trustee continues to work on ESG issues in line with its bespoke net zero commitment which explicitly reflects the Trustee's fiduciary responsibilities as well as our ambition to contribute to the world's efforts to reduce global warning. You can read more about this in the Implementation Statements and the TCFD report available on our corporate website.

VLK Investment Management was appointed as fiduciary manager and adviser to the Trust in February 2024 following a detailed assessment period which confirmed its position as one of the highest performing fiduciary managers, generating higher returns whilst taking lower risk. Previously known as Kempen in the UK, VLK is the oldest independent financial institution in the Netherlands and its commitment to sustainability stems from its European roots. Its approach to sustainability is described as four pillars: exclusion, ESG integration, active ownership and positive impact. The Trustee is confident that VLK will enable Cheviot to manage and monitor its commitment to reaching net zero going forward effectively.

Audit and Assurance Framework Report

The Report for the year ended 31 December 2023 was signed on 29 February 2024. The auditors conducting the review did not identify any exceptions to the operation of the controls in place. These independent reports demonstrate the existence and effectiveness of the controls and procedures in operation at an operational and trustee governance level across the organisation.



Communications

Our member website, www.mycheviotpension.com, is easy to navigate and has a series of factsheets focusing on investment and retirement.

Money Purchase and With Profits members can access live information about their savings through the member portal, accessible through the member website or through an app. Cheviot pension benefit statements were issued in June 2023 were in line with the simpler annual benefit statement guidance issued by the Department for Work and Pensions. The statements can be printed on two sheets of paper and were accompanied by a factsheet which set out additional information including detailed information about the difficult investment conditions in 2022.

With Profits Section

The actuarial report of the With Profits Section at 31 December 2022 is available on the website. The funding level during 2023 remained at or around 90% and the Trustee has engaged with employers and warned them of the likelihood of requiring additional contributions. Members' benefits are not affected.

Sir Derek Morris

Sir Derek Morris Chairman



Trustee's Report

Scheme constitution

The Cheviot Trust (Cheviot) has been providing occupational pensions since 1930. It is an innovative, not for profit organisation committed to providing straightforward and effective pension services to employers and members. It provides defined contribution and cash balance benefits through the Cheviot Pension (Money Purchase and With Profits Sections) and defined benefits through a series of individually funded schemes (Final Salary Schemes). All Sections benefit from shared governance, management, investment strategy and administration.

Management of the Trust

All Schemes are managed by Cheviot Trustees Limited. The structure of the Board is compliant with the governance requirements for Master Trusts. A detailed Governance Policy is in place and reviewed regularly. The Trustee uses a committee structure to undertake some of the governance requirements.

Four employer representative Directors

Trustees

The membership of the Cheviot Trustee Board currently comprises four employer nominated representatives, four member nominated representatives and two co-opted Directors. All Trustee Directors meet the fit and proper requirements of the Master Trust authorisation process. There are two professional trustees, although only the Chair is appointed as a professional trustee to the With Profits Section.

Four member representative Directors

Two co-opted Directors

Employer and Member representatives are currently appointed by the Trustee, following the relevant selection process, for a term of three years⁴ or until a representative resigns, ceases to be eligible or the

other Directors decide that the term of office should end. Directors may put themselves forward for re-appointment. Coopted Directors are also appointed for a three-year period.

The term of one employer representative, Mr Gerald Kidd, expired in 2023. No additional candidates came forward and Mr Kidd was reappointed in December 2023 after an open, fair and transparent process. The relevant external checks were completed.⁵

Audit Assurance reports

The Report for the year ended 31 December 2023 was signed on 29 February 2024. These independent reports demonstrate the existence and effectiveness of the controls and procedures in operation at a trustee governance level as well as those which relate to pensions and financial administration across the organisation. The auditors conducting the review did not identify any exceptions to the operation of the controls in place.

Trustee meetings in 2023

Four full Trustee Board meetings and seven conference calls were held during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Trustee operates a committee structure with six Committees. Each Committee has delegated powers from the Board to undertake certain business on its behalf.

⁴ Or until replacement or re-appointment following the next appointment process under Article 7.7.4 after the expiry of the three year period or as agreed by the Board.

⁵ Mr Kidd is designated as non-affiliated as the appointment process was open and transparent.

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The Trustee conducts its business through regular Board meetings and six

Committees.

During 2023:

- The Finance and Operations Committee held four meetings.
- The Funding Committee held two meetings.
- The Investment Committee held six meetings.
- The Legal Committee held four meetings.
- The Risk and Compliance Committee held four meetings, and
- The Human Resources Committee held two meetings during the year.

Working parties are established for key projects.

Changes to the Trust Deed and Rules

A new version of the Trust Deed and Rules document was executed in February 2023. The new document is largely a consolidation of the various deeds of amendments since the previous consolidation in 2017 together with some changes to the order of the relevant sections.

Cost Allocation

All generic costs are incurred by Cheviot Trustees Limited directly and then the appropriate share of those costs is invoiced to the With Profits Section

Costs incurred in respect of the With Profits Section are charged directly to the Section.

Financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared and audited in accordance with regulations made under sections 41(1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995.

The financial statements summarise the net assets of the With Profits Section. They do not take account of future obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year. The actuarial position of the With Profits Section is shown in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on page 30.

Financial developments in the year

The value of the net assets of the Trust as at 31 December 2023 is shown below. The 2022 numbers are shown in brackets. Further details can be found in the Fund Account.

	With Profits Section		
Assets at 31 December 2023	CC2 1m (CC4 Fm)		
Assets at 31 December 2023	£62.1m (£64.5m)		

The With Profits Section is relatively mature and members transfer out at retirement which has contributed to the reduction in assets in 2023.



Investment matters

Market Overview

Global markets rose during 2023 following the very difficult investment conditions in 2022. On-risk assets rose strongly reflecting increased anticipation of lower interest rates. Performance was generally in line or slightly ahead of long term target over one year. Over the longer term, performance generally remained below the long term targets given the market conditions in 2022.

New investment adviser appointment and ESG

The Trustee continues to work on ESG issues in line with its bespoke net zero commitment which explicitly reflects the Trustee's fiduciary responsibilities as well as our ambition to contribute to the world's efforts to reduce global warning. You can read more about this in the Implementation Statements and the TCFD report⁶ available on our corporate website.⁷

VLK Investment Management was appointed as fiduciary manager and adviser to the Trust in February 2024 following a detailed assessment period which confirmed its position as one of the highest performing fiduciary managers, generating higher returns whilst taking lower risk. Previously known as Kempen in the UK, VLK is the oldest independent financial institution in the Netherlands and its commitment to sustainability stems from its European roots. Its approach to sustainability is described as four pillars: exclusion, ESG integration, active ownership and positive impact. The Trustee is confident that VLK will enable Cheviot to manage and monitor its commitment to reaching net zero going forward effectively.

Investment Strategy

The investment strategy approach for the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension is based on the combined covenant of the participating employers and includes a hedge against interest rate movements and inflation risks. The strategy included a significant proportion of on risk assets, given the very strong covenant as assessed by the Trustee's covenant advisers, PwC. Performance over one year was ahead over one year but lags over 3 and 5 years. The longer term performance continues to impact the funding level and the Trustee is in consultation with employers about the future funding of the With Profits Section which will require contributions.

The investment strategy is set out in the Statement of Investment Principles in accordance with Section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 as amended by the Pensions Act 2004 and the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005. The statement is publicly available or can be obtained on request from Cheviot.

Statement of
Investment Principles
is available on the
website.

The Statement includes the Trustee's environmental, social and ethical policy, including associated voting rights with regards to assets which is holds directly on an annual basis. When selecting and monitoring an investment, the Trustee considers financially material factors. These are factors that could affect the long-term financial performance of investments and could (but do not have to) include the financial implications of environmental, social and governance factors (otherwise known as ESG) where relevant.

The Implementation Statement is available in Appendix 3 on page 37 and sets out how the Trustee has followed the policies in the Statement of Investment Principles.

⁶ Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures

⁷ https://www.cheviottrust.com/Uploads/Documents/00/00/00/72/DocumentFile_FILE/TCFD-Report-2023-Website-signed.pdf



Management and custody of assets

A proportion of the With Profits Section's assets were held on an investment platform with Mobius Life which provides custody services and invests in the underlying managers who manage the investments according to their written mandates. This structure enabled the Trustee to adopt a dynamic approach in managing return seeking assets. The With Profits Section also has assets held by fund managers separate to the Mobius Life Platform. Asset allocation was reviewed at least monthly.

The With Profits Section holds a portfolio of swaps to provide a liability hedge in respect of movements in interest rates and inflation. The custody of the swaps is managed by Caceis Bank.

VLK is retaining the current structure with Mobius Life and will be moving all assets on to the platform to enable efficient and effective management going forward. Under the fiduciary management appointment, VLK is now responsible for asset allocation changes.

Detailed investment performance information is shown in Appendix 1 – Investment Performance on page 34.

Environmental, social and governance factors

The Trustee has adopted a bespoke net zero commitment by 2050, reflecting the Paris Agreement's objectives. It reflects the Board's fiduciary responsibilities to members and employers and the need for governments and policymakers to deliver on their commitments to achieve the temperature goals of the Paris agreement.

When selecting and monitoring an investment the Trustee will consider financially material factors. These are factors that can affect the long-term financial performance of investments and can (but do not have to) include the financial implications of environmental, social and governance factors (otherwise known as ESG) where relevant. All references to ESG also include climate change. The appointment of VLK will improve the ability of the Trustee to reflect ESG factors in the investment strategy of all sections and schemes and the quality of the data available to enable better setting and monitoring of targets.

More information about how the Trustee implements the policies in the Statement of Investment Principles is available in the Implementation Statement in Appendix 3 on page 37.

Non-financial material factors

The Trustee does not take into account non-financially material factors (such as members' ethical considerations, social and environmental impact matters or quality of life considerations) when making investment decisions. The Trustee has no plans to seek the views of the membership or employers on ethical considerations at the current time.

Membership

Total membership of the With Profits Section is shown below.

With Profits Section

31 December 2023				
	Active	Deferred	Pensioner	Total
	-	2,058	621	2,679

Summary of contributions

No contributions are currently due to the With Profits Section.



Pension increases

Pensions are paid from the With Profits Section in respect of members who retired before 1 July 2005. Pensioners selected the level of increase for their pension at retirement. The choices varied depending on the date of retirement but included increasing by discretionary bonuses, fixed increases and increases in line with Limited Price Indexation.

No bonuses have been awarded. Pensioners eligible for increases in line with Limited Price Indexation received an increase of 5.0% in July 2023. Fixed increases were paid in line with the Scheme Rules.

Transfer values

In accordance with the Occupational Pensions Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 1996, members of the With Profits Section are able to make a transfer payment either to the Scheme of their new employer or to any other approved pension arrangement of their choice, including the Money Purchase Section of the Cheviot pension.

Cash equivalent transfer values paid during the year have been calculated and verified in accordance with the requirements of the Pensions Schemes Act 1993. No allowance has been made for discretionary increases in benefits.



Statement of Trustee's responsibilities

The financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK (FRS 102) are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require, and the Trustee is responsible for ensuring, that those financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the Scheme year of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year end;
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including making a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework applicable to occupational pension schemes; and
- are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Scheme will not be wound up.

In discharging the above responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for selecting suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis. The Trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the Scheme in the form of an Annual Report.

The Trustee also has a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Scheme and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal controls.

The Trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for preparing, maintaining and from time to time reviewing and, if necessary, revising schedules of contributions showing the rates of contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Scheme and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid.

The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Scheme and for adopting risk-based processes to monitor whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employer in accordance with the schedules of contributions. Where breaches of the schedules occur, the Trustee is required by the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and the members.

This Trustee's Report was approved by the Trustee on 30 July 2024 and signed on behalf of the Trustee by:

Sir Derek Morris

Sir Derek Morris

Chairman



Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustee of the Cheviot Pension

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Cheviot Pension ("the Scheme) for the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the Fund Account, the Statement of Net Assets and the related notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the year;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the With Profits Section's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Trustee is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine



whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Trustee

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustee's responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intend to wind up the Scheme or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

We set out below the key areas which, in our opinion the financial statements are susceptible to material misstatement by way of irregularities including fraud and the extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting these.

- Management override of controls. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals and reviewing accounting estimates for bias.
- Misappropriation of investment assets owned by the Scheme. This is addressed by obtaining direct confirmation from the investment fund managers of investments held at the Statement of Net Assets date.
- Diversion of assets through large investment transactions. A sample of transactions are agreed to supporting documentation testing the authorisation of the amount and approval of the payment of the transactions.
- Payment of large transfers out to invalid schemes or members. This is addressed through testing that for
 a sample there is evidence the receiving scheme is valid, the member identity is verified and of the
 authorisation of the amount and approval of the payment of the transactions.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.



These inherent limitations are particularly significant in the case of misstatement resulting from fraud as this may involve sophisticated schemes designed to avoid detection, including deliberate failure to record transactions, collusion or the provision of intentional misrepresentations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Regulation 3 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Crowe U.K. LLP Statutory Auditor London

Date: 30 July 2024



Fund Account

for the year ended 31 December 2023		2023	2022
	Note	£'000	£'000
Contributions and benefits			
Employer contributions		-	-
Total contributions	5	-	-
Benefits payable	6	3,398	3,620
Payments to and on account of leavers	7	2,570	2,320
Administrative expenses	8	2,203	1,816
		8,171	7,756
Net withdrawals from dealings			
with members		(8,171)	(7,756)
Returns on investments			
Investment income	9	240	1,455
Change in market value of investments	11	5,757	(19,120)
Investment management expenses	13	(162)	(158)
Net returns on investments		5,835	(17,823)
Net movement in the fund during the year		(2,336)	(25,579)
Net assets of the scheme:			
At 1 January		64,465	90,044
At 31 December		62,129	64,465

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Net Assets (available for benefits)

at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		£'000	£'000
Investments			
Investment assets	11		
Pooled investment vehicles		37,901	42,444
Bonds		27,104	24,681
Derivatives		1,070	3,060
Accrued fixed interest on securities		67	83
Cash deposits		26	36
		66,168	70,304
Investment liabilities			
Derivatives		(4,290)	(6,299)
		61,878	64,005
Current assets	14	621	817
Current liabilities	15	(370)	(357)
Net assets as at 31 December		62,129	64,465

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustee. They do not take account of liabilities to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year. The actuarial position of the With Profits Section of the Scheme, which does take account of such liabilities, is dealt with in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on page 30 and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with that report.

These financial statements were approved by the Trustee on 30 July 2024 and signed on behalf of the Trustee by:

Sir Derek Morris

Sir Derek Morris

Chairman

Elspeth McKinnon

Elspeth McKinnon

Director



Notes to the Financial Statements

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard 102- the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice (Revised 2018).

The net assets of the Cheviot Pension Scheme are held in three sections, With Profits, Money Purchase and Life Cover. These financial statements break down the assets of the With Profits Section.

2. Identification of the financial statements

The Scheme is established as a trust under English Law. The address for enquiries to the Scheme is on the front cover of these Annual Report and Accounts.

3. Tax status of the Scheme

The Scheme is an exempt approved scheme under Chapter 2, Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004 and is therefore exempt from income tax, capital gains tax and certain withholding taxes. To the Trustee's knowledge, there is no reason why such approval should be prejudiced or withdrawn.

4. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies are adopted by the Scheme:

(a) Scheme financial statements

The financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Scheme together with its subsidiary company using the single-line equity method of accounting, considered to be the fair value of the subsidiary. Separate financial statements excluding its subsidiary have not been prepared for the Scheme.

(b) Contributions

Contribution income reflects contributions receivable up to 31 December 2023.

No contributions are currently due in respect of the With Profits Section.

(c) Investment income

Income from pooled investment vehicles is reinvested and used to purchase additional units in the pooled fund, and consequently is not shown separately in the Fund Account but is included within the change in market value of investments.

Income from fixed interest securities (such as gilts), annuity income and interest receivable on cash deposits are all accounted for on an accruals basis.

Receipts or payments under swap contracts represent the difference between the swapped cashflows.



(d) Investment management expenses

Where investments are held in pooled investment vehicles, the investment manager takes his fees from the fund and consequently they are not shown separately in the Fund Account, but are included within the change in market value of investments. Other investment managers' expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

(e) Investments

Investments other than subsidiary undertakings are valued as follows:

- i. Fixed interest securities are valued at bid market values or the official closing price ruling at the year end date.
- ii. Pooled investment vehicles are valued at the bid market values for funds with bid/offer spreads, or a single price where there are no bid/offer spreads, as provided by the relevant investment manager on the last dealing day prior to the year-end date.
- iii. Swaps are valued at the net present value of future cash flows arising therefrom. The amounts included in the change in market value are the unrealised gains or losses on open contracts.
- iv. Options are valued at their mark to market value. If a quoted market price is not available on a recognised exchange the fair value is calculated using pricing models, where inputs are based on market data at the year end date.

(f) Foreign currency

Investments denominated in foreign currencies are translated into their sterling equivalent at the rates applicable at the year-end. The functional and presentational currency is sterling.

(g) Benefits and transfers

Benefits, including the purchase of annuities, are accounted for on an accruals basis and are therefore reported on the later of the leaving date and the date on which any option is communicated to the Trustee. Transfers to and from other schemes are accounted for on a cash basis, with the exception of bulk transfers where liability may be accepted before the funds are received, which are accounted for on an accruals basis.



5. Contributions receivable

During the year, no contributions were received into the With Profits Section (2022: £0).

6. Benefits payable

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Pensions	2,474	2,668
Commutation of pensions	603	715
Payments on death	321	237
	3,398	3,620

7. Payments to and on account of leavers

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Individual transfers to other schemes	2,490	2,241
Purchase of annuities	80	79
	2,570	2,320

8. Administrative expenses

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Legal fees	414	54
Audit fees	30	27
Administration fees	1,473	1,499
Professional fees	260	201
Other expenses	7	8
TPR Levy	19	27
	2,203	1,816



9. Investment income

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Income from fixed interest securities	226	1,455
Other income	14	-
	240	1,455

10a. Fair value determination

The investments have been analysed according to the basis on which the fair value has been determined. The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price of an active security on a recognised exchange and thus falling into the top category, (Level 1). The greatest amount of judgement is involved where a fair value is based on valuation techniques and such investments fall into the bottom category (Level 3). The basis of the fair value hierarchy is described in more detail below:

Level 1 The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

10b. Fair Value Hierarchy Analysis

The With Profits Section's investments have been analysed using the above hierarchy categories as follows:

	At 31 December 2023			
	Level	Level	Level	
	1	2	3	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Pooled investment vehicles	-	37,901	-	37,901
Bonds	-	-	27,104	27,104
Derivatives	-	-	(3,220)	(3,220)
Cash deposits	26	-	-	26
Accrued interest on fixed interest securities	67	-	-	67
	93	37,901	23,884	61,878

	At 31 December 2022			
	Level	Level	Level	
	1	2	3	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Pooled investment vehicles	-	42,444	-	42,444
Bonds	-	-	24,681	24,681
Derivatives	-	-	(3,239)	(3,239)
Cash deposits	36	-	-	36
Accrued interest on fixed interest securities	83	-	-	83
	119	42,444	21,442	64,005



11. Investments

(a) Purchases, sales and change in value

	Market Value at 1 January 2023 £'000	Purchases at cost £'000	Sales proceeds £'000	Change in Market Value £'000	Market Value at 31 December 2023 £'000
Pooled investment vehicles	42,444	1,179	(9,247)	3,525	37,901
Fixed interest securities	24,681	14,966	(13,550)	1,007	27,104
Derivative contracts	(3,239)	2,103	(3,309)	1,225	(3,220)
	63,886	18,248	(26,106)	5,757	61,785
Cash deposits	36				26
Accrued interest on fixed interest securities	83				67
Total	64,005				61,878

The change in the market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments during the year. All associated costs of purchase are included in the cost of acquisition. There were a number of changes in strategy which resulted in a number of sales and purchases to implement. In addition, it was also necessary to sell some assets to provide sufficient cash to support the collateral requirements for the liability hedge.

Other than those disclosed in Investment Management Expenses, direct transaction costs of investment incurred during the year to 31 December 2023 were £0 (2022: £0). Indirect transaction costs are incurred through the bid-offer spread on investments within pooled investment vehicles and are reflected within the change in market value of the investment.

(b) Holdings – pooled investment vehicles

		Value 31 December 2023 £'000	Value 31 December 2022 £'000
Mobius Life	With Profits Investment Fund (blended)	11,579	9,425
Lumyna Marshall Wace	Alternatives (equities)	3,055	4,108
Phoenix Investment Adviser LLC	Stressed Debt Fund	24	24
PIMCO	Diversified Income (bonds)	7,048	8,991
RLAM	Hedged Credit Fund (bonds)	16,195	19,896
Total		37,901	42,444



Concentration of Investments

The concentration of assets held within the blended Investment Fund at Mobius Life was as follows:

	2023	2022
Equity	58.8%	62.6%
Bonds	26.4%	19.1%
Alternatives	11.0%	14.4%
Commodities	3.5%	3.6%
Cash	0.3%	0.3%
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%

The investments at the year-end which are more than 5% of the total value of the net assets of the Scheme comprise:

	20	23	20	22
Holding	£'000	%	£'000	%
Mobius BNY Mellon US High Yield Beta Fund L Hedged Inc	3,404	5.50	2,249	3.52
Pimco Diversified Income Duration Hedge	7,048	11.40	8,991	14.05
Royal London Asset Management Duration Hedged Credit Fund	16,195	26.18	19,896	31.10

(c) Derivatives

At the year end the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension had the following derivatives:

	202	3	202	.2
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Swaps (Note c(i)) Equity Derivative Overlay Strategy (Note c(ii)) - Equity Options	194 876	(4,290)	1,909 1,151	(6,299)
	1,070	(4,290)	3,060	(6,299)

Objectives and policies

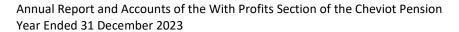
The Trustees have authorised the use of derivatives by their investment managers as part of their investment strategy for the With Profits Section as follows:

The Global Equity Derivative Overlay strategy aims to achieve shaped equity market returns where extreme upside equity returns are forgone in return for the downside being limited against the majority of significant market falls. This is expected to provide a greater certainty of returns within the Investment Fund.

The Trustee aims to match the Liability Driven Investment (LDI) portfolio and the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension's long term liabilities, in particular in relation to their sensitivities to interest rate movements and inflation. The Trustee has entered into Over The Counter (OTC) interest rate swaps during the year, that extend the duration of the fixed income portfolio to better match the long term liabilities of the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension.

(c) (i) Swaps

The risk of bond prices increasing is managed via a liability hedge overlay, which uses a portfolio of interest rate swaps (derivative contracts) to mirror the projected movement in the liabilities over time based on the growth in accounts as





measured by the Actuary. This overlay provides exposure of 100% of the value of the With Profits Section's liabilities as measured on an actuarial basis.

A portfolio of inflation swaps manages the risk of inflation rate increases. These swaps provide protection against 100% of the total economic exposure to inflation rate changes within the With Profits Section's liabilities.

Details of the contracts in place at 31 December 2023 are set out below. The notional principal of the swap is the amount used to determine the value of swapped interest or inflation receipts and payments.

		Notional	Asset	Liability
	Expiration	Principal	Value	Value
		£'000	£'000	£'000
Interest rate swaps				
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	06 February 2024	2,500	-	(98)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	02 April 2024	5,500	-	(239)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	13 June 2024	17,700	-	(648)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	14 January 2025	4,470	-	(369)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	22 June 2025	1,180	-	(103)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	06 February 2029	6,000	-	(814)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	02 April 2029	9,700	-	(1,404)
Floating for fixed (LIBOR)	14 October 2030	3,075	-	(615)
Total Interest rate swaps 2022	-	50,125	-	(4,290)
Total Interest rate swaps 2021	_ _	59,410	1,717	(6,299)
		Notional	Asset	Liability
	Expiration	Principal	Value	Value
		£'000	£'000	£'000
Inflation rate swaps				
Floating for fixed (RPI)	06 February 2025	1,032	194	-
Total Inflation rate swaps 2023	_	1,032	194	-
Total Inflation rate swaps 2022	_	1,032	192	-
Total Swaps 2023	_	51,157	194	(4,290)
·		•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total Swaps 2022		60,442	1,909	(6,299)



(c) (ii) Equity Derivative Overlay Strategy

Details of the contracts in place at 31 December 2023 are set out below:

		Notional	Market
	Expiration	Principal	Value
		£'000	£'000
Equity index options			
EDOS 13	12 February 2024	3,466	266
EDOS 14	16 December 2024	16,830	610
Total 2023			876
Total 2022			1,151

Both EDOSs comprise of an investment in gilts plus an asset swap (cash component) and a portfolio of equity options. The objective is to produce a return of at least 5% per annum in excess of the compounded six month sterling LIBOR return over the period.

(c) (iii) Collateral

Collateral held in the form of gilts of £0.2m (2022: £1.4m) was held at the year-end with Cheviot's Custodian in the event of a default by the counterparties to the swaps and equity overlay strategy. The collateral position is reviewed on a daily basis to ensure that exposure to default by the counterparty is kept to a minimum.

12. Investment risk disclosures

Investment strategy

The investment objective for the With Profits Section is to achieve a stable level of return which will enable the Trustee to pay all the promised benefits and reduce the level of on risk assets in the future. The Trustee takes into account the following risks: mortality risk, guaranteed returns on contributions, interest rate and inflation risk, sponsor risk and investment risk.

An Investment Fund/Matching Fund/Credit Fund structure is adopted for the management of asset allocation. The strategic allocation to each fund is reviewed as part of each triennial valuation or more frequently if necessary. The allocation is based on an assessment of the strength of the combined employers' covenant and advice from the Investment Adviser. The strategy is set out in the Statement of Investment Principles.

The asset allocation of the Investment and Credit Funds are reviewed at least monthly. The review process includes a review of the risks identified below.

Credit Risk

The With Profits Section is directly and indirectly exposed to credit risks through its holdings in pooled investment vehicles which hold bonds, derivatives (through exposure to the counterparties) and cash. The value of the underlying assets exposed to credit risk at the year-end was £34.7m (2022: £39.6m). The holdings are unrated as they are held in pooled investment vehicles. The majority of underlying assets are investment grade bonds (47%), cash (11%), alternatives (9%), high yield non-investment grade bonds (20%), commodities (2%) and gilts (11%). The Trustee regularly monitors the underlying split.



The direct credit risk for all sections of the Scheme is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environment in which the pooled managers operate and the diversification of Trust assets across a number of pooled funds.

Pooled investment arrangements used by the Scheme comprise units in open ended credit investment funds of £26.3m (2022: £33.0m) and unit linked insurance contracts £11.6m (2022: £9.4m).

The With Profits Section is also exposed to direct credit risk in respect of the investments in fixed interest securities and derivatives. The credit risk for the fixed interest securities is mitigated by controls on the ratings of these holdings. Credit risk in respect of the derivatives held is reduced by collateral arrangements in place with the counterparty.

Currency Risk

The value of the assets exposed to currency risk at the year-end for the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension was £3.1m global equities, £12.8m overseas bonds, (2022: £2.7m global equities and £12.0m overseas bonds).

The Trustee's policy for the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension is to hedge approximately 50% of the currency risk through investing in hedged pooled vehicles. The proportion of assets in hedged pooled vehicles at the year-end was 100% (2022: 100%).

Interest rate and inflation rate risk

The With Profits Section is indirectly exposed to interest rate and inflation risk through its holdings in pooled vehicles which holds bonds and cash. It also holds swaps in pooled vehicles to offset the impact of interest rate and inflation on the cost of providing the benefits. It is also directly exposed to interest rate and inflation rate risk through directly held fixed interest securities and swaps in the With Profits Section.

	2023	2022
	£m	£m
With Profits Section	34.7	39.5

Other Price Risk

The With Profits Section is indirectly exposed to other price risk through its holdings in pooled vehicles which hold equities. The value of the assets exposed to other price risk at the year-end was:

	2023	2022
	£m	£m
With Profits Section	3.2	2.9

The Trustee manages this exposure to overall price movements by constructing a diverse portfolio of investments across various markets.

The Trustee regards hedge funds as an asset class in their own right and do not monitor other price risk at the underlying investment level.



13. Investment management expenses

2023	2022
£'000	£'000
Investment management fees 162	158
Total 162	158

Investment management fees for some investment holdings are paid by unit deduction or price adjustment and are not included above.

14. Current assets

2023	2022
£'000	£'000
Cash balances 614	790
Prepayments and accrued income 7	19
Amounts due from related parties (Note 16)	8
Total 621	817

15. Current liabilities

Total	(370)	(357)
Other creditors including taxation and social security	(37)	(96)
Other accruals	(317)	(206)
	(247)	(55)
Benefits payable Retirement		(55)
	(=5)	
Amounts due to related parties (Note 16)	(16)	
	£'000	£'000
	2023	2022



16. Related party transactions

All generic costs are incurred by Cheviot Trustees Limited directly and the relevant share of those costs invoiced to the relevant Scheme or Section.

Costs incurred in respect of the With Profits Section are charged directly to the With Profits Section.

At the year end the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension was owed:

Cheviot Trustees Limited £nil (2022: £8k)

At the year end the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension owed:

Cheviot Trustees Limited £16k (2022: £nil)

These amounts have been paid subsequent to the year end. There were no other related party transactions other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

17. Employer related investment

There were no employer related investments at the end of the year (2022: £0).



Independent auditor's statement about contributions to the Trustee of the Cheviot Pension

Statement about contributions payable under the Schedule of Contributions

We have examined the summary of contributions payable to the Cheviot Pension ("the Scheme"), for the year ended 31 December 2023 which is set out on page 29.

In our opinion contributions for the year ended 31 December 2023 as reported in the summary of contributions and payable under the Schedules of Contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions certified by the Actuary in July 2018 and February 2022 in respect of the With Profits Section.

Basis of opinion

Our objective is to obtain sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the attached summary of contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Scheme and the timing of those payments under the Schedule of Contributions.

Responsibilities of the Trustee

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised a Schedule of Contributions which set out the rates and due dates of certain contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the employers and the active members of the Scheme. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of active members of the Scheme and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employers in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions.

Auditor's responsibilities for the statement about contributions

It is our responsibility to provide a Statement about Contributions paid under the Schedules of Contributions and to report our opinion to you.

Use of our statement

This statement is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996 made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's statement about contributions and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's Trustee as a body, for our work, for this statement, or for the opinion we have formed.

Crowe U.K. LLP

Statutory Auditor

London

Date: 30 July 2024



Summary of Contributions

Summary of contributions payable in the year

During the year, no contributions were payable to the With Profits Section by the Employers.

This Summary of Contributions was approved by the Trustee on 30 July 2024 and signed on behalf of the Trustee by:

Sir Derek Morris

Sir Derek Morris

Chairman



Report on Actuarial Liabilities of the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension

Under Section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, every scheme is subject to the Statutory Funding Objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its ongoing liabilities. The ongoing liabilities represent the present value of the benefits members are entitled to, based on pensionable service at the valuation date. This is assessed using the assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, which is available to Scheme members on request.

The most recent full actuarial valuation of the With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension was carried out as at 31 December 2020. This showed that on that date:

The value of the ongoing liabilities was: £95.5 million

The value of the assets at that date was: £95.9 million

The method and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the liabilities are as follows:

The valuation has been carried out on a "market-related" basis. This means that assets are taken into account at their market value. For comparison with the assets, a consistent measure is needed for the liabilities that are expected to arise in respect of benefits already earned at the valuation date - otherwise known as the "ongoing liabilities".

A summary of the key assumptions used for the valuation is included in Appendix 2 – Actuarial Assumptions on page 35.



Schedule of Contributions and Actuarial Certificate



Schedule of contributions

The With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension

This schedule of contributions has been prepared by the Board of Cheviot Trustees Limited (the "Trustee") after obtaining the advice of Peter Black the actuary to the Cheviot Pension (the "Scheme").

This schedule covers the period from 18th February 2022 to 18th February 2027.

Contributions by With Profits Employers

Shortfall in funding

The scheme funding valuation as at 31 December 2020 revealed a funding surplus. No contributions are required from the With Profits Employers¹ in respect of the scheme.

Expenses

The expenses of the Section, including the Pension Protection Fund levy, are met from the Section's assets.

The above contribution rates are subject to review at the next scheme funding valuation of the Section.

Signed on behalf of the Trustee

\$12 W962

Date

18th February 2022





Actuary's certification of schedule of contributions

The With Profits Section of the Cheviot Pension

Adequacy of rates of contributions

1.I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected on 31 December 2020 to continue to be met for the period for which the schedule is to be in force.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

2.I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the Statement of Funding Principles dated 18 February 2022.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the Section's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the Section were to be wound up.

Signature	Date 18 February 2022	
Name Peter Black	Qualification Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries	
Address Tempus Court Onslow Street Guildford	Employer XPS Pensions Limited	
GU1 4SS		



Schedule of Contributions - the Cheviot Pension

This schedule of contributions has been prepared by the Board of Cheviot Trustees Limited ("the Trustee") after obtaining the advice of Jonathan Punter the actuary to the Cheviot Pension ("the Scheme"). It sets out the contributions the With Profits Employers' must pay in respect of the With Profits Section of the Scheme ("the Section") and the dates these contributions must be paid to the Trustee.

This schedule covers contributions payable in the period from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2023.

Contributions by With Profits Employers

Shortfall in funding

The scheme funding valuation as at 31 December 2017 revealed a funding surplus, and so no such contributions are payable.

Expenses

The expenses of the Section, including the Pension Protection Fund levy, are met from the Section's assets.

Notes

Nothing in this Schedule shall prevent any With Profits Employer paying contributions in addition to those payable in accordance with this Schedule.

The above contribution rates are subject to review at the next scheme funding valuation of the Section.

Signed on behalf of the Trustee.

Date 25/6/2018



Appendix 1 – Investment Performance

Investment strategy

The With Profits Section splits its assets between an Investment Fund and a Matching Fund. The Investment Fund holds assets which are designed to contribute towards meeting the cost of the benefits. It is invested in a diversified range of investments to manage investment risk. Managers are appointed either directly or via the Mobius Life platform and are required to act within the terms of their appointment.

The Matching Fund holds lower risk assets which more closely match the cost of the benefits. The Matching Fund is invested in gilts, corporate bonds (through the Credit Fund) and swaps which are designed to minimize the impact of movements in interest and inflation rates on the funding level of the With Profits Section.

The swaps form a liability hedge, which is implemented by Schroders to help manage the risks to which the Section's liabilities are exposed from interest rate and inflation movements.

Investment structure

Most Investment Fund assets are held on the Mobius Life Limited platform which allows the Trustee to adopt a more dynamic approach to asset allocation. The Investment Fund also includes an allocation to one structured equity product, which is designed to protect the With Profits Section in the event of falling global equity markets.

One, three and five year returns for the With Profits Section, together with the long term objectives (based on Swaps) are shown below.

	1 year		Annual return over 3 years		Annual return over 5 years		Objective*
	Fund %	Target %	Fund %	Target %	Fund %	Target %	
Investment Fund	12.8	8.5	3.2	5.8	4.1	5.2	Swaps + 2.7% p.a.
Credit Fund	11.2	6.2	4.6	3.6	4.2	2.9	SONIA + 1.3% p.a

^{*}Swaps based objective is a liability related objective which reflects the profile of the With Profits Section.



Appendix 2 – Actuarial Assumptions

Scheme Funding Valuation Assumptions

Financial Assumptions

Sample rates for each assumption can be found in Appendix B.

Item	Derivation		
Discount interest rate:	Bank of England gilt yield curve plus allowance for prudent level of		
	outperformance expected from the Section's assets as recommended by		
	the Section's investment adviser at each funding assessment, based on		
	current strategic asset allocation to 31 December 2029 and de-risked		
	allocation thereafter. At 31 December 2020 this was:		
	- Until 31 December 2029: gilt curve + 2.8% per year		
	 Thereafter: gilt curve + 0.1% per year for pensioners; gilt curve + 0.0% per year for deferred members. 		
RPI price inflation	Swap inflation curve		
CPI price inflation			
- Before 2030	RPI inflation less 0.8% each year		
- From 2030	RPI inflation without adjustment		
Pension increases pre-retirement:	Guaranteed fixed increases as set out in the rules		
Pension increases post-retirement:	Set using the relevant inflation curve and caps and collars appropriate to		
	each type of increase		



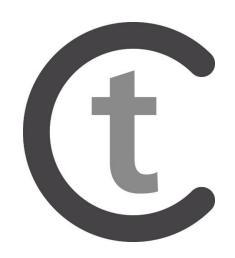
Demographic Assumptions

Sample rates for each assumption can be found in Appendix B.

Item	Assumption
Mortality pre-retirement	No allowance
Mortality post-retirement	106% of the S2PA table for males and 99% of the S2PA table for females projected in line with the latest available standard CMI model (CMI 2019 at 31 December 2020) with the default smoothing parameter, an initial addition of 0.3% per year and long-term improvement rate of 1.5% per year
New entrants to With Profits Section	No allowance
Withdrawals	No allowance
Ill health retirements	No allowance
Early retirement	No allowance
Late retirement	No allowance
Age difference of dependants	Males 3 years older than females
Commutation	No allowance
Proportion married	100% at retirement
Future bonuses	No allowance
Expenses:	Non-investment expenses are assumed to be £1.3m per year until 31 December 2022, reducing thereafter by £0.1m per year to be £0.6m in 2029.
	The cost of windup and securing annuities with an insurer is assumed to be 2.5% of the outstanding liabilities on windup on 31 December 2029.







the Cheviot trust

Implementation Statement With Profits Section

Report for 2023

July 2024



Introduction

This statement sets out how the Scheme's Statement of Investment Principles (the Statement) has been
followed during the Scheme year ending 31 December 2023, focusing on how the ESG (environmental,
social and governance) and engagement policies have been implemented and voting behaviour carried out
on behalf of the Scheme.

Review of the Statement of Investment Principles

- 2. No investments made in the year were inconsistent with the Statement. The Investment Committee (the Committee) has delegated powers to consider investment issues and reviews the Statement annually. It agrees any changes in the context of the annual strategic review of the With Profits Section, with advice from the investment and legal advisers. The Statement was updated in October 2022 to reflect the triennial valuation undertaken as at December 2020. A consultation exercise with employers was completed before the Statement was signed.
- 3. The current Statement is available on the both the corporate and member focused Cheviot websites.¹

Ongoing investment governance

- 4. Investment governance is delegated to the Investment Committee including the provision of key documents such as this implementation statement.
- 5. The Investment Committee held 6 meetings during 2023. The Investment Committee received detailed information on the performance of the investment strategy quarterly against its long term targets and risk measures and discussed it with the investment advisers.² This information was formally reported to each quarterly Trustee meeting.
- 6. The Cheviot pension accounts include details of the underlying investments and how they were assessed and valued for the accounts. No illiquid assets were held in the With Profits Section at the year end. The Investment Committee is satisfied, on advice from the investment advisers, that the nature, disposition, marketability, security, and valuation of the Scheme's assets are in line with the investment objectives and strategy, risk controls and return expectations.
- 7. Advisers are held to account and their performance assessed and reviewed regularly. Quarterly reports are provided to the full Board on each adviser. The investment adviser was reviewed in detail in late 2023against detailed objectives. An external advisor provided a review of 2023 performance in June 2024.
- 8. The investment advisor reviewed the underlying managers during the Scheme year and made a brief performance assessment against the key managers each quarter. The investment adviser provided an annual more detailed review which included benchmarking of performance and fees, as well as performance reviews (including understanding key drivers of performance), investment due diligence meetings and operational due diligence reviews. Operational due diligence reviews, along with many

¹ www.cheviottrust.com/www.mycheviotpension.com

² Schroders Solutions.



areas, included a review of the governance structure, portfolio turnover, conflicts of interest, ESG and stewardship policies.³

- 9. ESG training was provided by the investment advisers as part of the annual ESG review of managers. The legal advisers provide quarterly updates explaining new requirements and how they may impact Cheviot members in the future. Sustainability is a standing item on the quarterly Investment Committee agenda.
- 10. The Trustee's investment beliefs reflect the impact of climate change on assets, including physical, transition and social risks and opportunities, the Paris Agreement and issues around engagement and influence. A Climate Change Policy was developed. It includes the governance structures, including training and assessment of the capabilities of its advisers and service providers on climate related risks and opportunities, a strategy for assessing the impact of climate related risks and approach to opportunities over different time periods, risk management and metrics and targets. The investment beliefs were reviewed in February 2023.

Risks

11. During the Scheme year, risks were measured and managed as part of regular investment strategy governance, asset allocation reviews and investment strategic reviews. The Investment Committee reviewed the relevant risks each quarter and identified, evaluated, managed, and monitored risks, including their impact, what controls can be put in place to manage those risks and the effectiveness of the risk management process. As part of quarterly reporting from the investment adviser, risks are measured against risk tolerance and market conditions to check whether the performance of each fund remained in line with the agreed risk objectives.

Investment Platform provider

- 12. The Trustee invests assets through an investment platform of pooled funds with Mobius Life. As a result, the Trustee is constrained in its ability to directly influence the underlying investment managers who make the day to day investment decisions.
- 13. The Scheme's investment adviser is required to carry out a review of the investment platform manager, Mobius Life, every eighteen months. The review was completed in May 2024. The review did not reveal any issues which impacted Cheviot directly.

Environmental, social and governance factors

- 14. When selecting and monitoring an investment the Investment Committee considers financially material factors. These are factors that can affect the long-term financial performance of investments and can (but do not have to) include the financial implications of environmental, social and governance factors (otherwise known as ESG) where relevant. All references to ESG also include climate change. The Investment Committee reviews their ESG policy and any relevant information regularly.
- 15. The Investment Committee has considered the nature of its investments in the context of long-term financial performance and the extent to which the existing investments implicitly include consideration of ESG factors. The Investment Committee is also considering those elements of the investment strategy

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where the fundamental investment objective is short term in nature and taking account of ESG factors is unlikely to influence investment performance.

- 16. Long-term financial performance, including ESG factors and stewardship is considered at the point of initial investment as a part of the manager selection criteria. This includes alignment with the Trustee's investment strategy.
- 17. A long-term approach is taken to setting risk and return targets and when assessing manager performance against those targets. The fee structure for each manager is based on a percentage of assets managed. The manager is therefore incentivised to grow assets in line with the set objectives. Such factors may also be important criteria for considering the replacement of a manager.
- 18. Once a manager is appointed, the Investment Committee monitors ongoing compliance with ESG and other factors like stewardship as a part of overall performance and uses its investment adviser's engagement with the managers on the Trustee's behalf in its decision making (where appropriate). Most of the appointed managers take ESG factors into account as part of their investment process. The Investment Committee would ultimately disinvest assets from a manager if the manager were not in alignment with the agreed approach to investment strategy. During the ongoing monitoring of managers during the Scheme year ending 31 December 2023, no decisions were taken to disinvest.
- 19. The Investment Committee did not take account of non-financially material factors when making investment decisions during the Scheme year.

Engagement and stewardship

- 20. The Trustee is supportive of the UN Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) the UK Stewardship Code and considers whether managers and signatories adhere to them. Schroders has been a PRI signatory since 2015, was the first large global asset manager to have had its Net Zero targets verified by SBTi (the Science Based Target Initiative) and has 50+ dedicated ESG specialists. The Committee is considering engagement with various climate related industry initiatives, including the Occupational Pensions Stewardship Council.
- 21. Since the underlying investment funds used in the With Profits Section are pooled products (i.e., funds that are used for investment purposes by different clients), the Trustee is not able to require the managers concerned to make changes to their investment approach to take account of ESG factors or give directions on stewardship such as how voting rights are used. This means the Trustee is not able to make clear to managers what the Trustee considers a significant vote in advance of those votes being taken.
- 22. The Trustee decided to adopt Climate and Governance as their stewardship priorities in the 2023 scheme year. The Trustee has decided to use the selected stewardship priorities to determine what it defines as a "significant vote" for the purposes of reporting voting activity for the Scheme year and to monitor the managers voting and engagement is in line with these priorities.
- 23. It considers the most significant votes to be those that meet the following three criteria:
 - The vote relates to one of the Trustee's chosen stewardship priorities;
 - The vote is deemed significant by the underlying managers (of most material holdings) based on their specific knowledge of the circumstances around each vote; and
 - Where the With Profits section has a holding in a single stock of greater than 0.05% of total invested assets.



- 24. The Investment Committee has reviewed voting and engagement activity undertaken by the underlying investment managers and this is set out in Appendix 1.⁴ Both equity managers show meaningful engagement practices.
- 25. The performance of each manager is included in the governance report from the investment advisers as well as commentary on any issues which have arisen.
- 26. Despite the lack of contractual relationship, working with our investment advisers, the Trustee has reviewed those funds with more than 2.5% of the With Profits Section's assets and asked the investment platform provider for information about their voting activity.
- 27. The platform provider (Mobius Life) did not vote on behalf of the Trustee. This is due to their policy not to vote at the fund level as they cannot represent all their underlying investors that way. This is common practice in the industry. Mobius actively engages with asset managers and is in support of the UK Stewardship code. Mobius contacts each of the asset managers they invest with on an annual basis to ensure they are complying with Mobius' governance requirements at a company level and in their investment approach. The Trustee is satisfied that the level of engagement demonstrated by Mobius is appropriate.
- 28. Cheviot engaged with Mobius during the Scheme year on climate-reporting issues and discussed the level of information it needed from the managers to enable it to measure the portfolio's progress in relation to climate related targets.

Conclusion

29. The Investment Committee, on behalf of the Trustee under its delegated powers, considers that it has followed the policies set out in the Statement of Investment Principles without any significant deviations.

Sir Derek Morris

Sir Derek Morris Chair, Cheviot Trustees Limited 30 July 2024

⁴ Information based on data available from Mobius.

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Appendix 1



Voting and Engagement Summary

This Statement includes information on the underlying investment managers investing in securities with voting rights attached in which the holding is significant (greater than 2.5% of the total assets). Where proxy voting agents have been used, this has been included in the voting information. Credit managers have been excluded as they do not have voting rights for their underlying holdings and thus do not have voting data to be considered. Allocations shown below are given as a % of total assets, as at 31 December 2023.

The funds reviewed are set out below.

Asset class	Fund name	Allocation
_	LGIM Asia Pac (ex-Japan) Dev Equity Index Hedged	0.2%
	LGIM Europe (ex UK) Equity Index Hedged	0.1%
Equity	LGIM Japan Equity Index Hedged	0.3%
	LGIM North America Equity Index Hedged	2.1%
	LGIM UK Equity	0.2%

Voting and engagement activity undertaken by the underlying investment managers is set out in the following section. The Trustee (through its advisers) has included all of the information available in relation to the voting activity, relying on information from the underlying managers on the expanded requirements for this Implementation Statement. The Trustee understands that in future reporting years the information available on the votes is expected to be more detailed, to allow it to meet the vote reporting requirements in full.⁵

Equity managers

Summary for LGIM

LGIM's Investment Stewardship team uses Institutional Shareholder Service's "ProxyExchange" electronic voting platform to electronically vote client's shares. All voting decisions are made by LGIM, and they do not outsource any part of the strategic decisions. To ensure their proxy provider votes in accordance with their position on ESG, they have put in place a custom voting policy with specific voting instructions.

The voting behaviour is shown in the chart below and demonstrates LGIM's policy of active engagement and willingness to vote against management if it is considered necessary. LGIM provided meaningful examples of their engagement policy. The Trustee, on the advice of its advisors, determined that the voting behaviour of LGIM was aligned with the Scheme's stewardship priorities.

LGIM Passive Funds

Voted against 31/12/2022 - 31/12/2023 Eligible Eligible Voted Voted with Abstentions management meetings resolutions on management Asia Pacific (ex-Japan) **Developed Equity Index** 479 3,283 100% 74% 26% 0% **GBP Currency Hedged** Europe (ex-UK) Equity Index 567 9,955 100% 80% 19% 0% - GBP Currency Hedged Japan Equity Index - GBP 513 6,098 100% 88% 12% 0% Currency Hedged North America Equity Index 648 100% 34% 0% 8,760 66% **GBP Currency Hedged** 0% **UK Equity Index** 100% 94% 680 10,517 6%

⁵ The appointment of VLK Investment Management in early 2024 will facilitate better reporting of engagement in 2024.

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Appendix 1



Most Significant Votes

Alphabet Inc.:

LGIM voted for (against Management recommendation) a resolution on approving a recapitalization plan for all stock to have one-vote per share.

- The rationale of the voting decision was:
 - LGIM expects companies to adopt a one-share-one-vote policy.

About 30% of shareholders supported the resolution. LGIM considers this vote significant due to the relatively high level of support received. LGIM will continue to monitor the board's response to the relatively high level of support received for this resolution.

Berkshire Hathaway Inc.:

LGIM voted in favour of a shareholder resolution requiring an independent board chair, which was against the management recommendation.

- The rationale for the voting decision was:
 - LGIM has a longstanding policy advocating for the separation of the roles of CEO and board chair. These two roles are substantially different, requiring distinct skills and experiences.
 - LGIM have also published a guide for boards on the separation of the roles of chair and CEO, and they have reinforced their position on leadership structures across their stewardship activities e.g. via individual corporate engagements and director conferences.

Around 11% of shareholders supported the resolution. LGIM considers this vote to be significant as it is in application of an escalation of their vote policy on the topic of the combination of the board chair and CEO. GIM will continue to engage with their investee companies, publicly advocate their position on this issue and monitor company and market-level progress.

JPMorgan Chase and Co.:

LGIM voted in favour of a shareholder resolution requiring a report on JPMorgan's climate transition plan, describing efforts to align financing activities with greenhouse gas emissions targets.

- The rationale for the voting decision was:
 - LGIM generally support resolutions that seek additional disclosures on how companies aim to manage their financing activities in line with their published targets. LGIM believe that detailed information on how a company intends to achieve the 2030 targets they have set and published to the market (the 'how' rather than the 'what', including activities and timelines) can further focus the board's attention on the steps and timeframe involved and provides assurance to stakeholders. The onus remains on the board to determine the activities and policies required to fulfil their own ambitions, rather than investors imposing restrictions on the company.

Around 35% of shareholders supported the resolution. LGIM considers this vote to be significant as they predeclared their intention to support. LGIM continue to consider that decarbonisation of the banking sector and its clients is key to ensuring that the goals of the Paris Agreement are met. LGIM will continue to engage with the company and monitor progress.

Appendix 2



Links to the voting and engagement polices for the Underlying Investment Managers can be found here:

Investment Manager & Underlying Investment Manager	Voting & Engagement Policy
LGIM	Investment stewardship & governance LGIM Institutional